

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_

## Unit 2, Topic 2.2: Impacts of the Mongols

	<b>East Asia - China</b> <i>Yuan Dynasty / Khanate of the Great Khan</i>	<b>Russia</b> <i>Khanate of the Golden Horde</i>	<b>Middle East</b> <i>Il-Khan Empire</i>
<i>Political Changes Brought by the Mongols</i>			
<i>Economic Changes Brought by the Mongols</i>			
<i>Cultural Changes Brought by the Mongols</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Transfers of Greco-Islamic medical knowledge to Europe</li> <li>• Transfer of numbering systems to Europe</li> <li>• Adoption of Uyghur script</li> </ul>			
<i>Continuities During Mongol Rule</i> <p>What aspects of SPICE-T remained the same, regardless of Mongol rule?</p>			

	Influences on Trade	Influences on Communication
<p><b>Learning Objective:</b> Explain how the expansion of the Mongol Empire influenced <b>trade and communication</b> over the 1200-1450 time period.</p>		

<p><b>Learning Objective:</b> Explain the significance of the Mongol Empire in larger patterns of continuity and change.</p> <p>The front of this handout addressed changes brought by the Mongols, what were the <b>continuities</b>?</p>	

Key Players in the Mongol Empire	
<i>Who was this person? What were their impacts?</i>	
Ghengis Khan	
Batu	
Hulegu	
Kublai Khan	

**The Mongol Empire, 1294**

Legend:

- Border of Mongol Empire
- Campaigns of Genghis Khan
- Campaigns of his successors
- Route of Marco Polo
- Great Wall

**GEOGRAPHY SKILLBUILDER: Interpreting Maps**

- Region** What khanate controlled Russia? Persia? Korea?
- Region** What parts of Asia did the Mongols fail to control?

